B misdemeanor.

weapon while under the influence of alcohol or a controlled substance...is guilty of a class

528. Carrying...while under influence... (1) Any person who carries a dangerous

- (p) ph suother state or county.
- (a) pursuant to Section 53-5-704; or do not apply to any person to any person to whom a permit
- (2) The provisions of ... Section 76-10-505 on to whom a permit
 - (ii) securely encased...
 - (i) unloaded; and
 - (g) a nonresident traveling in or through the state, provided that any firearm is:
 - any of the following:
- (1) This part and Title 53, Chapter 5, Part 7, Concealed Weapon Act, do not apply to
 - 523. Persons exempt...

...A person may have a loaded firearm at his place of residence, including any temporary residence or camp.

511. Possession ... at residence...

- (b) a fully automatic weapon.
- (a) a sawed-off rifle or sawed-off shotgun;

minor under 18 years of age may not pos-

- possess a handgun. (2) Except as provided by federal law, a
- 509.4. **Prohibition of possession** ... 6(1) A minor under 18 years of age may not

possession of a danger of years of age in accompanied by a responsible adult.

ono. (2) Any minor under 14 years of age in

- (b) is accompanied by a parent or guardian while he has the weapon; or
- possess a dangerous weapon unless he:
 (a) has the permission of his parent or
- 509. **Possession ... by minor.** (1) A minor under 18 years of age may not
 - or others; or (b) who is performing official duties.
- (a) who discharges any kind of firearm when that person is in lawful defense of self
- ou: (4) This section does not apply to a per-
- (B) any structure in which a domestic animal is kept or fed...
- (A) a house, dwelling, or any other building; or
- charge the dangerous weapon from the owner or person in charge of the property within 600 feet of:

beaches; or (vii) without written permission to dis-

cluding any sign or signal;

(vi) within Utah State Park buildings, designated camp or picnic sites, overlooks, golf courses, boat ramps, and developed

property of public utilities...;
(v) at railroad equipment or facilities in-

- highways of the state; (iv) at any communications equipment or
- (iii) at any road signs placed upon any
- (ii) from, upon, or across any highway;
- (i) from an automobile or other vehicle;
- 508. **Discharge of firearm from...**(1) (a) A person may not discharge any

:stuebuts

the person's property;

(ii) in any vehicle lawfully under the person's control, other than a vehicle owned by the school to transport

(i) at the person's place of residence or on

:si noissessod edt (b)

. nze: ou

connection with a lawful, approved activity and is in the possession or under the control of the person responsible for its possession

responsible school administrator; (c) the item is present or to be used in

(b) the possession is approved by the possession is approved by the

firearm as provided under Section 53-5-704, 53-5-705, 76-10-511, or 76-10-523, or as

(3) This section does not apply if: (a) the person is authorized to possess a

(1) A person may not possess any dangerous weapon...at a place that the person knows, or has reasonable cause to believe, is on or about school premises.

505.5. Possession of a dangerous weapon ...on or about school premises

- (c) in a posted prohibited area.
 - (p) ou suy public street; or
 - (a) in or on a vehicle;

(1) Unless otherwise authorized by law, a person may not carry a loaded firearm:

505. Carrying loaded firearm...

(2) Pistols and revolvers shall also be deemed to be loaded when an unexpended cartridge, shell, or projectile is in a position whereby the manual operation of any mechanism once would cause the unexpended cartridge, shell, or projectile to be fired.

[weapon] described in this part shall be deemed to be loaded when there is an unexpended cartridge, shell, or projectile in the firing position.

76-2-402. Force in defense of person

- (1) A person is justified in threatening or using force against another when and to the extent that ... is necessary to defend himself or a third person against ... use of unlawful force. However, that person is justified in using [deadly force] only if he or she reasonably believes that force is necessary to prevent death or serious bodily injury to himself or a third person...
- (3) A person does not have a duty to retreat from the force or threatened force ... in a place where that person has lawfully entered or remained...

State Reciprocity with Utah's CFP

Please refer to an individual states firearms policy before transporting your firearm into that state. Information obtained from http://bci.utah.gov/

Formal Reciprocity: AL, AK, CO, FL, GA, LA, MS, NH, NC, ND, OH, PA, SD, TX, WA

Recognize Utah CFP: AZ, AR, DE, ID, IN, KY, MI, MN, MO, MT, NV, NM, OK, TN, VT, VA. WY

Do NOT Honor Utah CFP: CA, CT, HI, IL, IA, KS, ME, MD, MA, NE, NJ, NY, OR, RI, SC, WV, WI

UNOFFICIAL

Reference Guide for Lawful Carry of Firearms in Utah

April 10th, 2008

Text in this booklet copied from http://le.utah.gov/

Some sections omitted. This booklet is intended for use as a reference only. Accuracy is not guaranteed. Refer to official Utah code before carrying or using a firearm. Not to be used in place of proper legal advice or counsel.

UNOFFICIAL

UTAH CONSTITUTION Article I, Section 6. [Right to bear arms.]

The individual right of the people to keep and bear arms for security and defense of self, family, others, property, or the state, as well as for other lawful purposes shall not be infringed; but nothing herein shall prevent the Legislature from defining the lawful use of arms.

UTAH CODE

Sec. 76 Ch. 10

500. Uniform law.

- (1) The individual right to keep and bear arms being a constitutionally protected right... Except as specifically provided by state law, a citizen of the United States or a lawfully admitted alien shall not be:
- (a) prohibited from owning, possessing, purchasing, selling, transferring, transporting, or keeping any firearm at his place of residence, property, business, or in any vehicle lawfully in his possession or lawfully under his control; or
- (b) required to have a permit or license to purchase, own, possess, transport, or keep a firearm.
- (2) This part is uniformly applicable throughout this state...All authority to regulate firearms shall be reserved to the state...

Unless specifically authorized by the Legislature by statute, a local authority or state entity may not enact or enforce any ordinance, regulation, or rule pertaining to firearms.

501. Definitions.

- (2) (a) "Concealed dangerous weapon" means a dangerous weapon that is covered, hidden, or secreted in a manner that the public would not be aware of its presence and is readily accessible for immediate use.
- (b) A dangerous weapon shall not be considered a concealed dangerous weapon if it is a firearm which is unloaded and is securely encased.
- (15) "Readily accessible for immediate use" means that a firearm or other dangerous weapon is carried on the person or within such close proximity and in such a manner that it can be retrieved and used as readily as if carried on the person.
- (18) "Securely encased" means not readily accessible for immediate use, such as held in a gun rack, or in a closed case or container, whether or not locked, or in a trunk or other storage area of a motor vehicle, not including a glove box or console box.

502. When weapon deemed loaded.

(1) For the purpose of this chapter, any